

OPIC'S DEVELOPMENTAL INDICATORS

Corporate Social Responsibility: Does the project offer new social benefits to the project employees and/or greater community?

Developmental Infrastructure Improvements: Does the project result in infrastructure improvements that generate a benefit at the local, regional or national level, either physical (communication, transportation, energy, water) or social (shelter, nutrition, education, healthcare)? Does the project provide indirect benefits including downstream or complementary benefits that affect other related industries?

Economic Development Level of Host Country: What is the host country's per capita gross national income (GNI)?

Equal Employment Policy: Does the project company establish and implement an equal employment policy with respect to hiring, training, promoting and rewarding employees of the company?

Human Capacity Building: Does the project create jobs that require technical or professional skills or training to perform required job duties?

Job Creation: How many permanent jobs does the project create for host country nationals? This does not include anticipated jobs created for expatriates in the host country.

Leveraging Impacts: Is the project financing sourced from multiple lenders and/or investors, including federal, regional, or multilateral organizations?

Local Procurement: What is the value of initial sources of project funding used to procure goods and services in the host country?

Macroeconomic and Institutional Effects: Does the project generate export earnings and/or pay some form of local taxes, fees or duties to the government? Are there local or national laws in the host country that specifically support the project sector through favorable legislation, regulations or standards?

Private Sector Development: Does the project ownership include some local participant or SME, whether an individual or commercial entity?

Social Effects: Does the project provide additional benefits to female employees in the workplace? Is the project located in a definitively poor and/or rural region? Does the project result in a positive environmental benefit that would otherwise not be achieved if the project did not exist?

Technology and Knowledge Transfer: Does the project introduce uncommon or unknown technologies, goods or services and/or new distribution expertise, methods or systems to the local economy?

Training: What amount/type of formal staff training, either upon initial hire or ongoing, does the project offer to permanent project employees? This does not apply to training offered to expatriate employees of the project.